



P.R.I.M.E. Finance Mediation Rules

APPLICATION OF THE RULES

Article 1

Where parties have agreed that disputes between them in respect of a relationship, whether contractual or not, shall be referred to mediation by P.R.I.M.E. Finance under the P.R.I.M.E. Finance Mediation Rules, then these Rules, subject to such modification as the parties may agree, shall apply

COMMENCEMENT OF MEDIATION PROCEEDINGS

Article 2

1. Any party may initiate recourse to mediation by filing with the P.R.I.M.E. Finance Secretariat a notice of mediation. Unless the initiation is by all the parties, the initiating party shall send to every other party (hereinafter called the "invited party") a copy of the notice of mediation as soon as practical.
2. The notice of mediation shall include the following:
 - (a) A request that the dispute be referred to mediation;
 - (b) The names and contact details of the parties and their representatives;
 - (c) Identification of the mediation agreement, if any, that is invoked;
 - (d) Identification of any contract or other legal instrument out of or in relation to which the dispute arises or, in the absence of any such contract or instrument, a brief description of the relevant relationship, including a brief description of the dispute.
3. A party may request P.R.I.M.E. Finance to invite another party to join in a submission to mediation. The P.R.I.M.E. Finance Secretariat shall send the invited party an invitation for the submission to mediation as soon as practical. The P.R.I.M.E. Finance Secretariat shall send the initiating



party a copy of such invitation.

4. Mediation proceedings commence when all the parties have informed the Secretariat of P.R.I.M.E. Finance that they agree to the appointment of a mediator under these Rules and to pay the costs and fees calculated in accordance with Article 20 to P.R.I.M.E. Finance when requested to do so.
5. Until all the parties have accepted the appointment of the mediator and agreed to pay the costs as aforesaid to P.R.I.M.E. Finance there will be no mediation proceedings.
6. If any party does not comply with any reasonable request of the mediator or P.R.I.M.E. Finance within a reasonable period of time as specified in the request, the mediator or P.R.I.M.E. Finance, as the case may be, may elect to treat this as a rejection of the agreement to mediate and the mediation shall come to an end.

NUMBER OF MEDIATORS

Article 3

There shall be one mediator unless the parties agree that there shall be two or three mediators (hereinafter called the "mediator"). Where there is more than one mediator, they shall act in co-operation.

APPOINTMENT OF THE MEDIATOR

Article 4

1. As soon as possible after the acceptance of the invitation to mediate, the parties shall select or P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall appoint the mediator. If the parties have agreed on the name or on a method of appointment of the mediator, that method shall be followed. If no such appointment has been made within 30 days or such longer period as P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall allow after acceptance of the invitation to mediate, P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall appoint the mediator.



2. The appointment of the mediator shall be confirmed by P.R.I.M.E. Finance by a letter of appointment addressed to the mediator. A copy of this letter shall be sent to the parties simultaneously.
3. In recommending or appointing individuals to act as mediator, P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall have regard to such considerations as are likely to secure the appointment of a suitably experienced, independent and impartial mediator and shall take into account the desirability of appointing a mediator of a nationality other than the nationalities of the parties.
4. As soon as practical after the appointment of the mediator P.R.I.M.E. finance should inform the parties of how the fees of the mediator and its administrative costs are to be calculated.

QUALIFICATIONS OF THE MEDIATOR

Article 5

1. When a person is approached in connection with his or her possible appointment as a mediator, he or she shall disclose to P.R.I.M.E. Finance any circumstances likely to give rise to justifiable doubts as to his or her impartiality or independence. A mediator, from the time of his or her appointment and throughout the mediation, shall without delay disclose any such circumstances to the parties unless they have already been informed of these circumstances.
2. Upon receipt of such information, P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall immediately inform the parties about these circumstances and invite the parties to indicate whether they approve that the mediator shall be appointed or remain appointed. In the event that a party states that the mediator should not be or remain appointed, P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall appoint another mediator.

REPLACEMENT OF THE MEDIATOR

Article 6



Where a mediator has to be replaced during the course of the mediation, a substitute mediator shall be appointed pursuant to the procedure provided for in article 4.

EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

Article 7

Save for intentional wrongdoing, the parties waive, to the fullest extent permitted under the applicable law, any claim against the mediators and / or P.R.I.M.E. Finance in connection with the appointment of or conduct of the mediator.

SUBMISSION OF STATEMENTS TO MEDIATOR

Article 8

1. Upon his or her appointment, the mediator shall request each party at least 10 days prior to the first scheduled mediation session to submit a brief written statement describing the general nature of the dispute and the points at issue. This memorandum shall be simultaneously transmitted to the other parties.
2. The mediator may request each party to submit a further written statement of its position and the facts and grounds in support thereof, supplemented by any documents and other evidence that such party deems appropriate. At the discretion of the mediator, after having received the views of the parties on the issue, such additional written statements and supporting information may be mutually exchanged by the parties.
3. At any stage of the mediation proceedings the mediator may request a party to submit such additional information as the mediator deems appropriate to be received by the mediator in confidence.

REPRESENTATION AND ASSISTANCE



Article 9

1. The parties may be represented or assisted by persons of their choice. An initiating party shall communicate the names and addresses of such persons in the notice of mediation. An invited party shall communicate the names and addresses of such persons after receipt of the notice of mediation. In such communications, the parties should also specify whether the appointment is made for purposes of representation or of assistance.
2. Each party shall communicate in writing to the mediator, to the other party and to P.R.I.M.E. Finance, the names of the representatives of that party who possess all necessary authority to negotiate and resolve the dispute.

ROLE OF THE MEDIATOR

Article 10

1. The mediator should assist the parties in an independent and impartial manner to reach an amicable settlement of their dispute.
2. The mediator will be guided by principles of objectivity, fairness and justice, giving consideration to all matters that appear to him to be of relevance.
3. The mediator may conduct the mediation proceedings in such a manner as he considers appropriate, taking into account the circumstances of the case, the wishes the parties may express, including any request by a party that the mediator hear oral statements, and the need for a speedy settlement of the dispute.
4. The mediator may, at any stage of the mediation proceedings, make proposals for a settlement of the dispute. Such proposals need not be in writing and need not be accompanied by a statement of the reasons justifying the proposals.

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANCE



Article 11

In order to facilitate the conduct of the mediation proceedings, P.R.I.M.E. Finance will provide such administrative assistance as it considers appropriate.

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN MEDIATOR AND PARTIES

Article 12

1. The parties may be invited by the mediator for sessions together, or to *ex parte* meetings. Invitations for such meetings may be communicated by the mediator orally or in writing.
2. Unless the parties have agreed upon the place where meetings with the mediator are to be held, such place will be determined by the mediator, after consultation with the parties. The time of meetings with the mediator will also be set by the mediator, after consultation with the parties.

CO-OPERATION OF PARTIES WITH MEDIATOR

Article 13

The parties will in good faith co-operate with the mediator and, in particular, will endeavour to comply with requests by the mediator to submit written materials, provide evidence and have appropriate participants attend the meetings.

PRIVACY

Article 14

1. Mediation sessions shall be private. Only the parties and their representatives should be allowed to attend the mediation sessions, unless the mediator for reasons he considers sufficient, agrees otherwise.
2. The attendance at mediation sessions of individuals other than the parties and their representatives requires the prior approval of both parties and the mediator.
3. Hearings shall be held in camera unless the parties agree otherwise.



CONFIDENTIALITY

Article 15

1. The mediator shall not disclose any information provided to him or her by a party or witness without the consent, as appropriate, of that party and witness.
2. The mediator shall not be compelled to divulge such information, or to testify in regard to the mediation in any proceedings unless required to do so by law. .
3. The parties shall maintain the confidentiality of the mediation and shall not - except where its disclosure is required by law or is necessary for purposes of implementation and enforcement – rely on, or introduce as evidence in any arbitral, judicial, or other proceeding, any observations, statements or propositions made before or by the mediator or any documents produced in relation to the mediation proceedings.

SUGGESTIONS BY PARTIES FOR SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTE

Article 16

Each party may, on its own initiative or at the invitation of the mediator, submit to the mediator suggestions for the settlement of the dispute.

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

Article 17

1. If the parties reach agreement on a settlement of the dispute, they may draw up and sign a written settlement agreement. If requested by the parties, the mediator may draw up, or otherwise assist the parties in drawing up, the settlement agreement.



2. The parties, by signing the settlement agreement, put an end to the dispute and are bound by the agreement.

TERMINATION OF MEDIATION PROCEEDINGS

Article 18

The mediation proceedings are terminated:

- (a) By the signing of the settlement agreement by the parties, on the date of the agreement; or
- (b) By a written declaration of the mediator, after consultation with the parties, to the effect that further efforts at mediation are no longer justified, on the date of the declaration; or
- (c) By a written declaration of the parties addressed to the mediator to the effect that the mediation proceedings are terminated, on the date of the declaration; or
- (d) By a written declaration of a party to the other party and the mediator to the effect that the mediation proceedings are terminated, on the date of the declaration.

RESORT TO ARBITRAL OR JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Article 19

The parties undertake not to initiate, or continue during the mediation proceedings, any arbitral or judicial proceedings in respect of a dispute that is the subject of the mediation proceedings, except that a party may initiate arbitral or judicial proceedings where, in its opinion, such proceedings are necessary for preserving its rights or as required by a court.

COSTS

Article 20

1. Upon appointment of the mediator, a fixed equal amount for the fees of the mediator and the costs of administration of the mediation is due from each party as an advance for the costs referred to in paragraph 5 of



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9

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this article. The amount due shall be determined by P.R.I.M.E. Finance. P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall send a notice to the parties communicating how the amount of administration costs and mediator's fees due will be calculated as soon as possible after the appointment of the mediator.

2. During the course of the mediation proceedings, P.R.I.M.E. Finance may request supplementary equal sums from each party.
3. If the required deposits under paragraphs 1 and 2 of this article are not paid in full by both parties within thirty days, the mediator may suspend the proceedings or may make a written declaration of termination to the parties, effective on the date of that declaration.
4. After the termination of the mediation in accordance with article 18, P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall determine the costs of mediation. P.R.I.M.E. Finance shall render an account to the parties of the deposits received and return any unexpended balance to the parties.
5. The term "costs" includes only:
 - (a) The fees of the mediator to be fixed by the mediator in conjunction with P.R.I.M.E. Finance;
 - (b) The reasonable travel and other expenses incurred by the mediator;
 - (c) The travel and other expenses of witnesses requested by the mediator with the consent of the parties;
 - (d) The cost of any expert advice requested by the mediator with the consent of the parties;
 - (e) Any fees and expenses of P.R.I.M.E. Finance.
6. The fees and expenses of the mediator shall be reasonable in amount, taking into account the amount in dispute, the complexity of the subject matter, the time spent by the mediator and any other relevant circumstances of the case.
7. The costs, as defined above, are borne equally by the parties, unless the settlement agreement provides for a different apportionment. All other



expenses incurred by a party are borne by that party.

ROLE OF MEDIATOR IN OTHER PROCEEDINGS

Article 21

The parties and the mediator undertake that the mediator will not act as an arbitrator or as a representative or counsel of a party in any arbitral or judicial proceedings in respect of a dispute that is the subject of the mediation proceedings. The parties also undertake that they will not present the mediator as a witness in any such proceedings.

MISCELLANEOUS

Article 22

1. The parties may agree to exclude or vary any of these Rules at any time.
2. Where any of these Rules is in conflict with a provision of law from which the parties cannot derogate, that provision of law prevails.